CASE NO.:

Appeal (crl.) 447 of 2002

PETITIONER:

RAMA AND ORS.

Vs.

RESPONDENT:

STATE OF RAJASTHAN

DATE OF JUDGMENT:

05/04/2002

BENCH:

M.B. Shah & B.N. Agrawal

JUDGMENT:

B.N.AGRAWAL, J.

Leave granted.

Judgment impugned in this appeal has been rendered by Jodhpur Bench of the R ajasthan

High Court whereby criminal appeal preferred by the appellants has been dismissed confirming the

convictions and sentences awarded against the appellants by the trial court under Sections 3 26 and 325 read

with section 34 of the Indian Penal Code.

The said criminal appeal was filed in the year 1987 and duly admitted. The same was

placed for hearing in the year 2001 and after hearing the parties, the High Court passed an order in four

pages. The impugned judgment, runs into seven paragraphs and after referring to the prosecution case and

defence version in paras 1 to 5, the Court has disposed of the appeal in two paragraphs which run thus:-

- "6. After re-appreciation of the evidence and re-scrutiny of the record, I find that there is no error apparent in the finding recorded by the learned Judge, therefore, there is no reason to interfere in the order of conviction passed by the learned Judge.
- 7. In the result, therefore, the present appeal is dismissed."

The impugned judgment has been challenged on the sole ground that the High Court has not disposed of the appeal in the manner postulated under law inasmuch as it does not appear from the impugned judgment as to how many witnesses were examined on behalf of the prosecution and on what point. The High Court has not even referred to any evidence much less considered the same. In our view, it is a novel method of disposal of criminal appeal against conviction by simply saying that after re-appreciation of the evidence and re-scrutiny of the records, the Court did not find any error apparent in the finding of the trial court even without reappraising the evidence. In our view, the procedure adopted by the High Court is unknown to law. It is well settled that in a criminal appeal, a duty is enjoined upon the appellate court to reappraise the evidence itself and it cannot proceed to dispose of the appeal upon appraisal of evidence by the trial court alone especially when the appeal

has been already admitted and placed for final hearing. Upholding such a procedure would amount to negation of valuable right of appeal of an accused which cannot be permitted under law. Thus, we are of the view that on this ground alone, the impugned order is fit to be set aside and the matter remitted to the High Court.

Accordingly, the appeal is allowed, impugned order passed by the High Court is set aside and the matter is remitted to that Court for disposal of the appeal in accordance with law a fter giving opportunity of hearing to the parties.

